## 5. Display Cases – refrigerated

### for serve-over



# **Information Refrigerated Display Cases**

When selecting a refrigerated display case, it should be clarified in advance, whether the display case should be equipped with transparent safety glass or with insulated glass.

#### Advantages safety glass:

- · Low-priced
- Transparent product presentation



## Advantages insulated glass:

- Lower energy consumption
- Longer freshness due to reduced dehydration of the goods
- In case of high air humidity no condensation or rather low condensation on the panes

#### Disadvantages safety glass:

- · Higher energy consumption
- Steamed panes (condensation) in case of increased humidity
- Steamed panes (condensation) in case of low internal temperatures

## Disadvantages insulated glass:

- · Higher cost price
- Edges of the glass panes less transparent

## When should refrigerated display cases with insulated glass be used?

- · Whenever an increased humidity can be expected at the site
- Whenever internal temperatures below 7° are required
- · If there are ovens, fryers and cooking equipment in the vicinity of the display case
- · In the vicinity of lakes and swimming pools
- When a high product quality with little dehydration of the goods is required
- If energy saving is an important aspect



Example with insulated glass



Example with safety glass

#### Abbreviations of the Snack-Counter names:

BE - Serve-over

DT - Wing door

E – Angled glass constructionH – Sneeze guard, protrusive

HK - HOT-COLD

KO – Open on the customer side (without glass)
KST – On the customer side with sliding doors

LS – Air curtain

OU - Intermediate shelves uncooled

RG – Rear panel closed

S – Slanted glass construction
SB – Self-service version with fla

SB – Self-service version with flapsSP – Mirror-like rear panel

UK - No-frost system (without intermediate level)

VT – Deepened cooling pan